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مرجان شفیع زاده نصرآبادی^۴

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(/ / : / / :)

() () ()

PCA

TWINSpan

CCA

اسیدیته (pH)

TWINSpan

(Kadmon & Danin, 1999)

DCA CCA

(Kumar, 1996)

(Burke, 2001)

Kaller,)

(Vetaas, 1993)

(2001)

) در پژوهشی دیگر، متغیرهای
(

DCA

TWINSpan

(Chang *et al.*, 2004)

(Enright *et al.*, 2005)

متغیرها

TWINSpan

(Zhang *et al.*, 2006)

CCA متغیرها

(TWINSpan)

متغیرها

(Baruch, 2005)

TWINSpan

متغیرها

Kent)

متغیرها

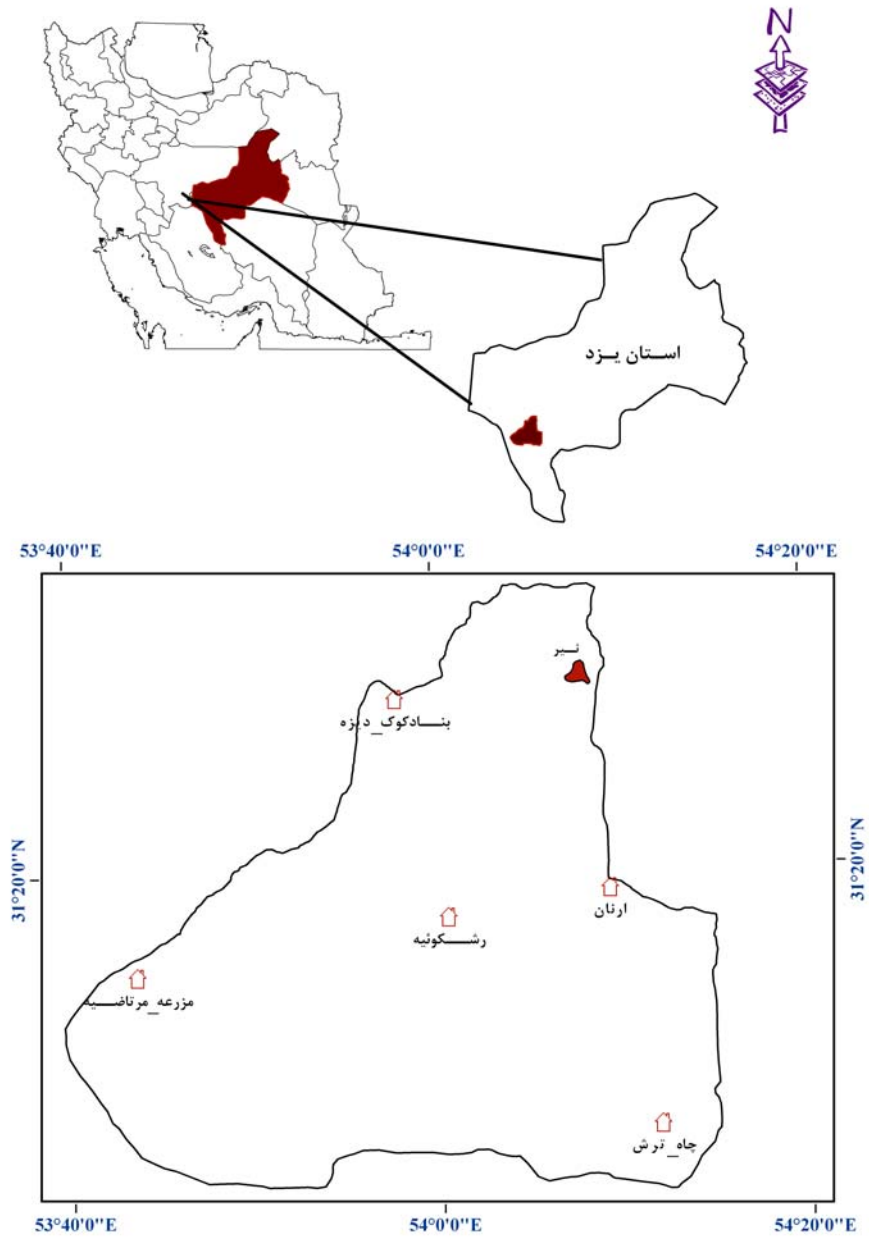
(& Coker, 1996)

متغیرها

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Zare Chahouki,)

.(2006 ° ' " ° ' "



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TWINSpan

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:

Artemisia aucheri :I

Stipa Scariola orientalis Astragalus albispinus

S. parviflora barbata

Artemisia sieberi :II

Rheum ribes .III

Seidlitzia rosmarinus :IV

Ephedra strobilacea :V

Zygophyllum eurypterum

Cornulaca :VI

Salsola spp. Calligonum comosum monacantha

Stipagrostis plumosa

Tamarix ramosissima :VII

TWINSpan

(Black, 1982; Jafari Haghghi, 2003)

TWINSpan

ویژگی های

(Alard *et al.*, 1994 & Barbaro *et al.*, 2004)

Artemisia I

Scariola orientalis- Astragalus aucheri

albispinus

TWINSpan

(PCA)

PC-ORD (CCA)

(McCune & Mefford, 1999) /

1 Principle Component Analysis

2 Canonical Correspondence Analysis

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Artemisia aucheri (Ar.au)

Scariola orientalis-Astragalus albispinus (Sc.or-As.al)

Scariola orientalis-Artemisia sieberi (Sc.or-Ar.si)

Artemisia sieberi-Scariola orientalis (Ar.si-Sc.or)

Artemisia sieberi (Ar.si)

Artemisia sieberi-Zygophyllum eurypterum (Ar.si-Zy.eu)

Artemisia sieberi-Ephedra strobilacea (Ar.si-Ep.st)

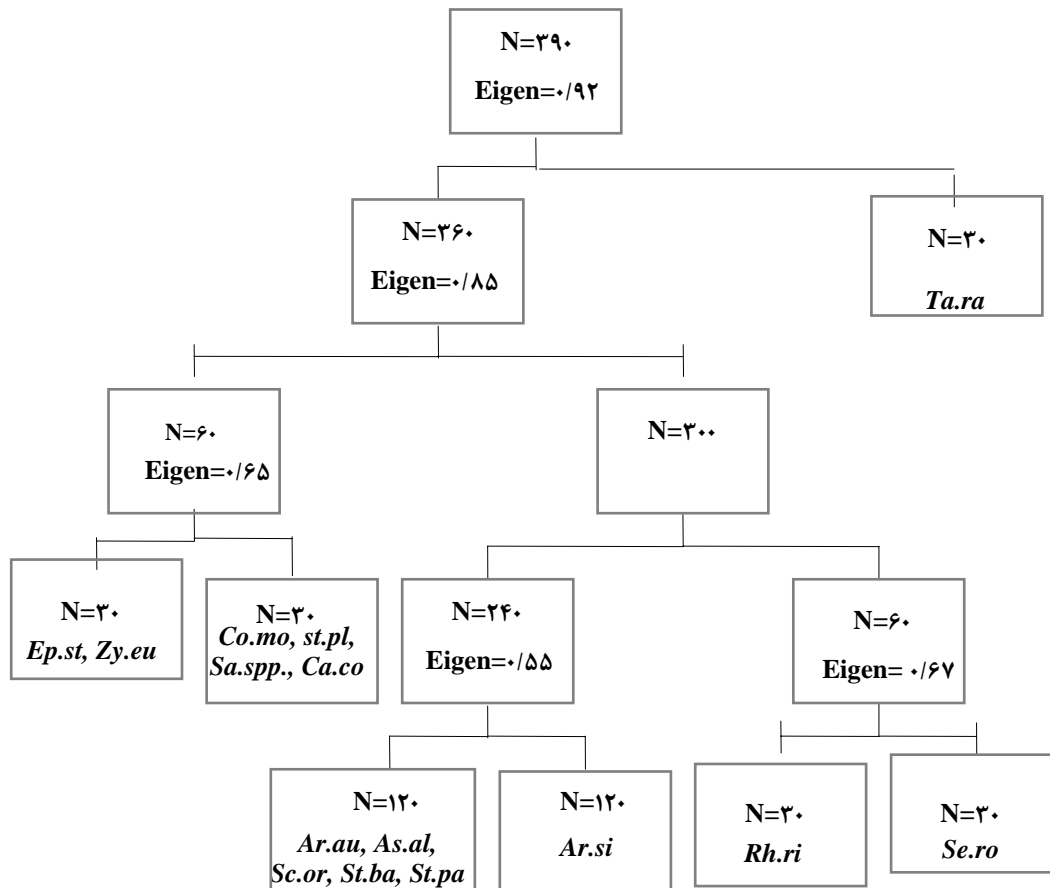
Ephedra strobilacea-Zygophyllum eurypterum (Ep.st-Zy.eu)

Rheum ribes-Artemisia sieberi (Rh.ri-Ar.si)

Cornulaca monacantha (Co.mo)

Seidlitzia rosmarinus (Se.ro)

Tamarix ramosissima (Ta.ra)



¹- Eigenvalue

(Y)

متغیرها

: () (x)

PCA

$$Y=a+bx$$

(

$$r^2= /$$

$$b= /$$

$$a= /$$

(BSE)

بنابراین (Jackson, 1993)

()

BSE

/

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:(Jongman *et al.*, 1995)

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ویژگی های

متغیرها

()

)

()

(

(Y)

(x)

: ()

.()

متغیرها

$$Y=a+bx+cx^2$$

(

:()

$$c = / \times \quad b = / \quad a = /$$

$$r^2= /$$

Artemisia aucheri :I

Scariola orientalis-

:II

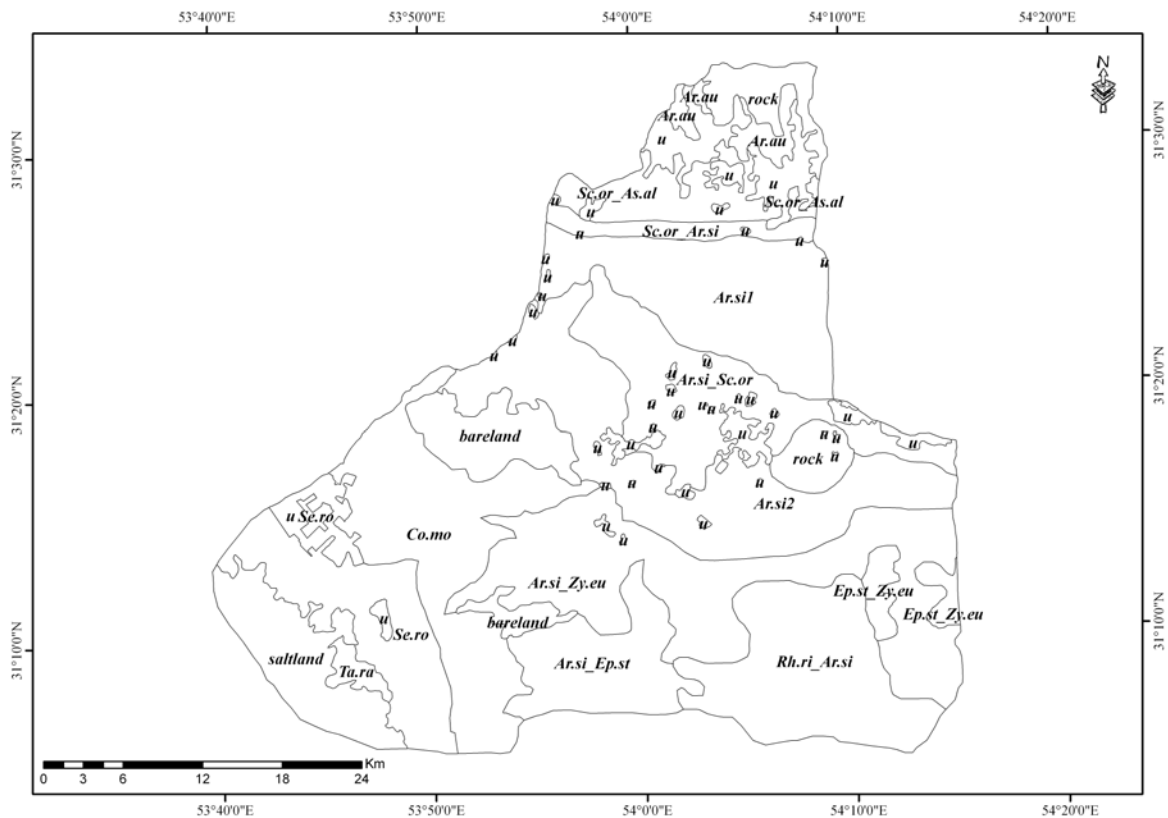
S. orientalis - *Artemisia Astragalus albispinus*

¹ Broken-stick eigenvalue

I .
 (*A. aucheri*)
 (*E. strobilacea- Z. eurypterum*) IV
 III II
 S.) V
 (*rosmarinus*)
 T.) VI
 (*ramosissima*)
 ()

A. *A. sieberi*₁ *A. sieberi-S. orientalis sieberi*
*A. sieberi-Zygophyllum eurypterum sieberi*₂
Rheum ribes-A. sieberi
Cornulaca monacantha III
A. sieberi- Ephedra strobilacea
E. strobilacea- Z. eurypterum :IV
Seidlitzia rosmarinus :V
Tamarix ramosissima :VI

متغیرهای
 متغیرها V IV III II
 متغیرها
 متغیرها



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Broken-stick eigenvalue	()	()	()
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/	/	/	/
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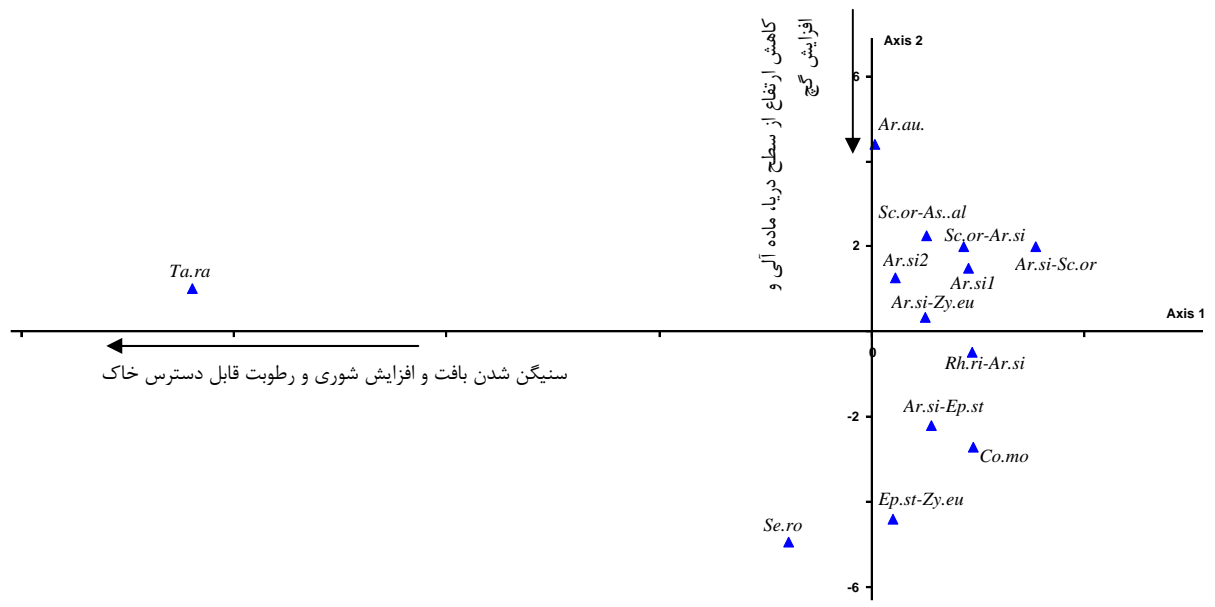
PCA

()						
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/	/	/	/	/	/	(abs)
/	/	/	/	/	/	(Aspect)
/	/	/	/	/	/	(Slope)
/	/	/	/	/	/	(Gravel1)
/	/	/	/	/	/	(Gravel2)
/	/	/	/	/	/	(Clay1)
/	/	/	/	/	/	(Clay2)
/	/	/	/	/	/	(Silt1)
/	/	/	/	/	/	(Silt2)
/	/	/	/	/	/	(Sand1)
/	/	/	/	/	/	(Sand2)
/	/	/	/	/	/	(Lime1)
/	/	/	/	/	/	(Lime2)
/	/	/	/	/	/	(OM1)
/	/	/	/	/	/	(OM2)
/	/	/	/	/	/	(SM1)
/	/	/	/	/	/	(SM2)
/	/	/	/	/	/	(AW1)

PCA

()

/	/	/	/	/	/	(AW2)
/	/	/	/	/	/	(Gyps1)
/	/	/	/	/	/	(Gyps2)
/	/	/	/	/	/	(EC1)
/	/	/	/	/	/	(EC2)
/	/	/	/	/	/	(pH1)
/	/	/	/	/	/	(pH2)



) PCA
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()	()	()	()	()
	/ ± /	/ ± /	/ ± /	<i>Ar.au</i>
	/ ± /	/ ± /	/ ± /	<i>Sc.or_As.al</i>
	/ ± /	/ ± /	/ ± /	<i>Sc.or_Ar.si</i>
	/ ± /	/ ± /	/ ± /	<i>Ar.si_Sc.or</i>
	/ ± /	/ ± /	/ ± /	<i>Ar.si₁</i>
	/ ± /	/ ± /	/ ± /	<i>Ar.si₂</i>
/ ± /	/ ± /	/ ± /	/ ± /	<i>Ar.si_Zy.eu</i>
/ ± /	/ ± /	/ ± /	/ ± /	<i>Ar.si_Ep.st</i>
/ ± /	/ ± /	/ ± /	/ ± /	<i>Ep.st_Zy.eu</i>
/ ± /	/ ± /	/ ± /	/ ± /	<i>Rh.ri_Ar.si</i>
/ ± /	/ ± /	/ ± /	/ ± /	<i>Co.mo</i>
/ ± /	/ ± /	/ ± /	/ ± /	<i>Se.ro</i>
/ ± /	/ ± /	/ ± /	/ ± /	<i>Ta.ra</i>

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CCA

S. orientalis-As.

A. S. orientalis-A. sieberi A. aucheri albispinus

Jongman et)

متغیرهای

R. ribes-A. sieberi A. sieberi sieberi-S. orientalis

(al., 1995

A. sieberi-Z. eurypterum

متغیرهای

CCA

C. monacantha

E. strobilacea-Z. eurypterum

S. rosmarinus

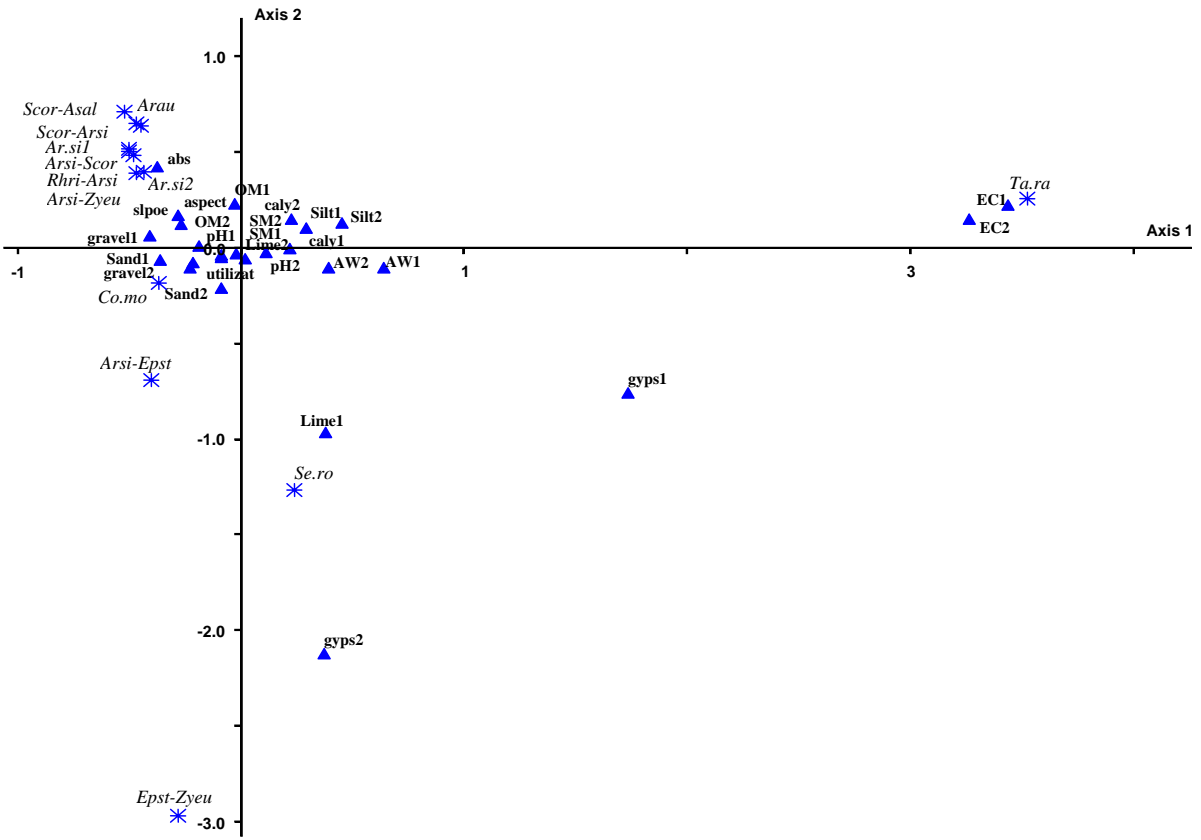
T. ramosissima

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/	/	/	/	/	/	/



CCA

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(Bohera & Dorffing, 1993)

(Durey & Pessarakli, 1995)

(Arzani *et al.*, 1999)

T.

C. monacantha
ramosissima

Stipa

Salsola rigida barbata
(Baghestani, 2003)

Wilson *et al.*,)

(2004

(Barnes & Harrison, 1982)

A. aucheri

Tamarix ramosissima

PCA

Artemisia aucheri

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A.

aucheri

Carneval & Torres, 1999;)

(Rogel *et al.*, 2001; Abd El-Ghani & Amer, 2003

(Moghimi, 2005)

EC)

(/ pH

(Akbar Pourisaghi, 2005)

()

A. sieberi-Z. eurypterum

A. aucheri

Scariola orientalis-Astragalus albispinus

E. strobilacea

Astragalus

S. orientalis - Artemisia sieberi

A.

A. sieberi

sieberi- E. strobilacea

CCA

CCA

A. sieberi

A. aucheri

A. sieberi

متغیرهای

A.

CCA

A. sieberi- sieberi-Ephedra strobilacea

Rheum ribes-A. sieberi Zygophyllum eurypterum

A.

A. sieberi aucheri

(Azarnivand et al., 2003)

R. ribes-

R. ribes

A. sieberi

/ ()

A. sieberi

/

E. strobilacea-Z. eurypterum

R. ribes

Z.

E. strobilacea

eurypterum

S. plumosa .

) (Bagheri, 2000)

E. strobilacea

(

(Jafari, 2006)

(Loghman & Ghodosi, 1996)

Cornulaca monacantha

C.

monacantha

Calligonum comosum

Seidlitzia rosmarinus

Salsola E. strobilacea Stipagrostis plumosa spp.

CCA

()

C. monacantha

C. (Abd El-Ghani & Amer, 2003)

EC

comosum

) / / pH

(/ / pH)

(Taghvai, 1993) (

Gangizadeh, 1999;)

S. rosmarinus

(Hasani, 1994

Z. eurypterum

Moghimi,)

(Roshier *et al.*, 1996)

(2005

S. plumosa

() *Tamarix ramosissima*

PCA ... (Abd El-Ghani & Amer, 2003)

PCA CCA

CCA

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Classification and Ordination of Vegetation Cover in Arid and Semi-arid Rangelands (Case study: Nir Rangelands of Yazd Province)

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Abstract

The current research was carried out to find out the most effective environmental factors in plant species occurrence by classification and ordination methods. For this purpose, the study was conducted in Nir rangelands of Yazd province and topography, climate, soil and grazing intensity data of the region were determined. Sampling method was randomized–systematic and within each sampling unit 3-5 parallel transects with 300-500 m length, each containing 30-50 quadrates (according to vegetation variations) were established. Quadrate size was determined for each vegetation type using the minimal area; hence suitable quadrate size for different species was determined 1*2m–10*10m (2-100 m²). Soil samples were taken from 0-30 and 30-80 cm in starting and ending points of each transect. Measured soil properties included gravel, texture, available moisture, saturation moisture, organic matter, lime, gypsum, pH and electrical conductivity. To analyze environmental data, classification (using TWINSpan) and ordination (using PCA, CCA) were used. The results indicated that soil salinity, texture and available water play the main role in distribution of plant species.

Keywords: Classification, Ordination, Environmental factors, Nir rangelands, Yazd province